

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations  
and is not a part of the Official Record

## **BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES**

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

**IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.**

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,  
please do not report the images to the  
Image Problem Mailbox.**

## Prior Art FX Settlement Process

Trade Date	Settlement Date	Reconciliation Date
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parties transact a series of transactions in various currency pairs</li> <li>• Parties send confirmations of each trade MT300</li> <li>• Parties match MT300s to create a confirmed trade</li> <li>• Parties instruct payment of sold currency leg for each trade</li> <li>• Parties pre-advice receipt of bought currency leg for each trade</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Branch or nostro constructs payment queue</li> <li>• Branch or nostro releases payments as liquidity in local payment system allows</li> <li>• Branch or nostro sends MT900 to confirm payments</li> <li>• Branch or nostro sends MT910 to confirm receipts</li> <li>• Branch or nostro sends MT950 daily statement of account activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MT950s from all branches and nostros reconciled to match payment and counterpayment (receipt) settlement of transactions</li> <li>• Exception report of failed settlements generated</li> <li>• Failed settlements queried with counterparties</li> <li>• Decisions on default/payment suspension taken after investigation</li> <li>• Payments at branches and nostros cancelled on a "best efforts" basis</li> </ul>

## Risk

**PAYMENT RISK** = The risk of losing the amount of payment in the event of failed counterpayment (non-receipt)

**LIQUIDITY RISK** = The cost or penalty associated with unanticipated receipt shortfalls

**SYSTEMIC RISK** = Risk associated with the general health or structure of the financial system as a result of inability to cope with a financial default or liquidity shock

Fig. 3

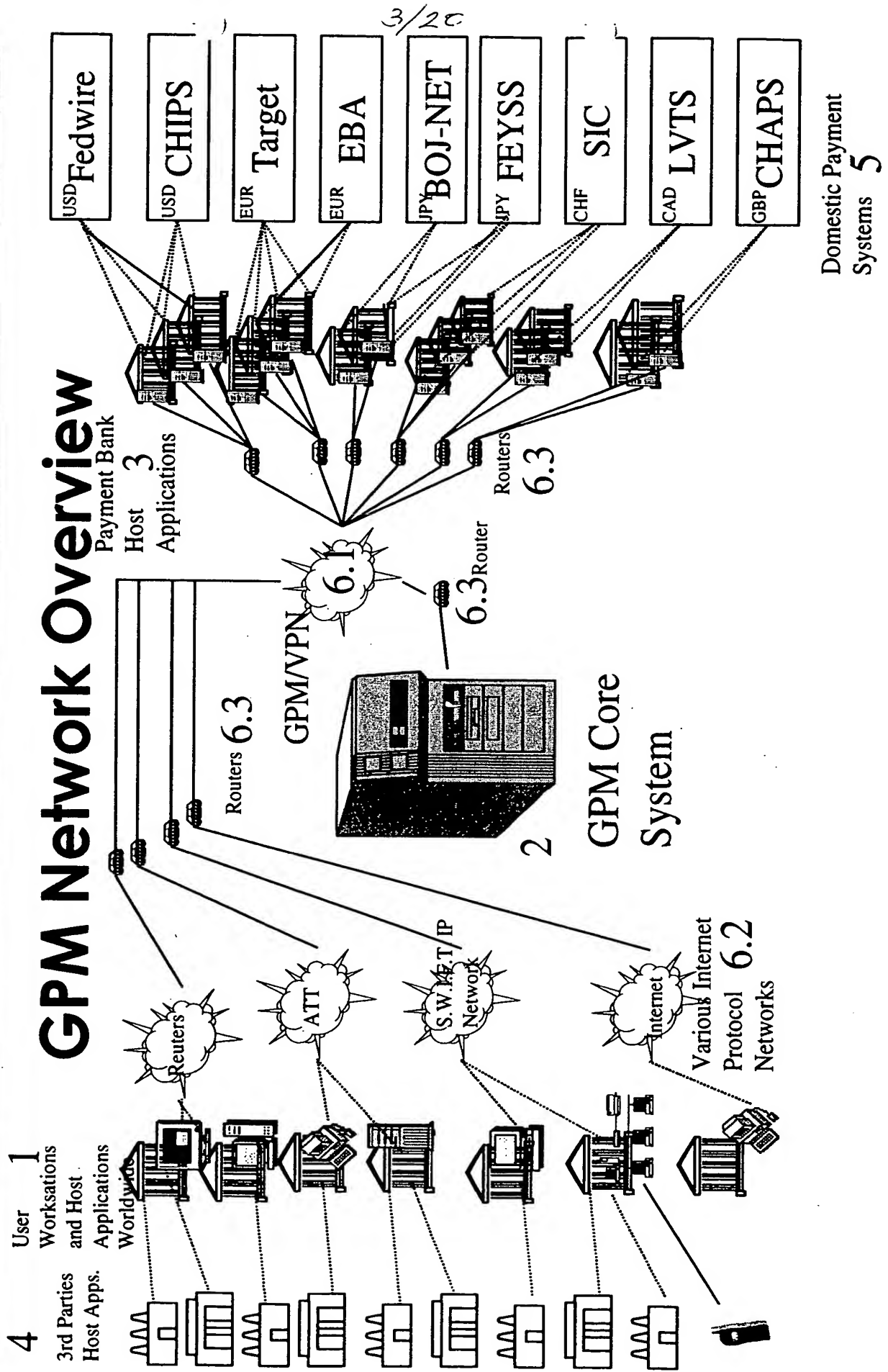
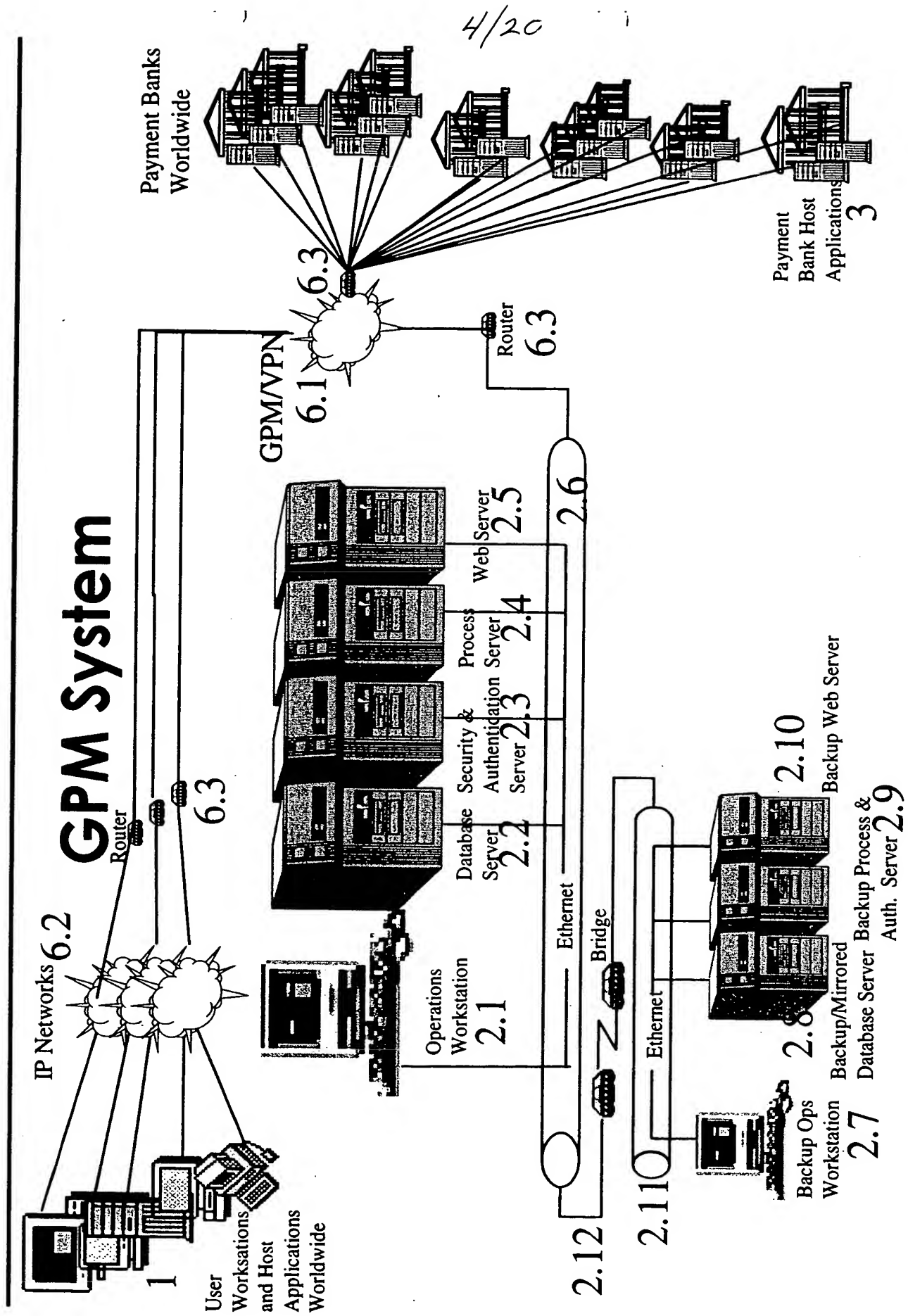


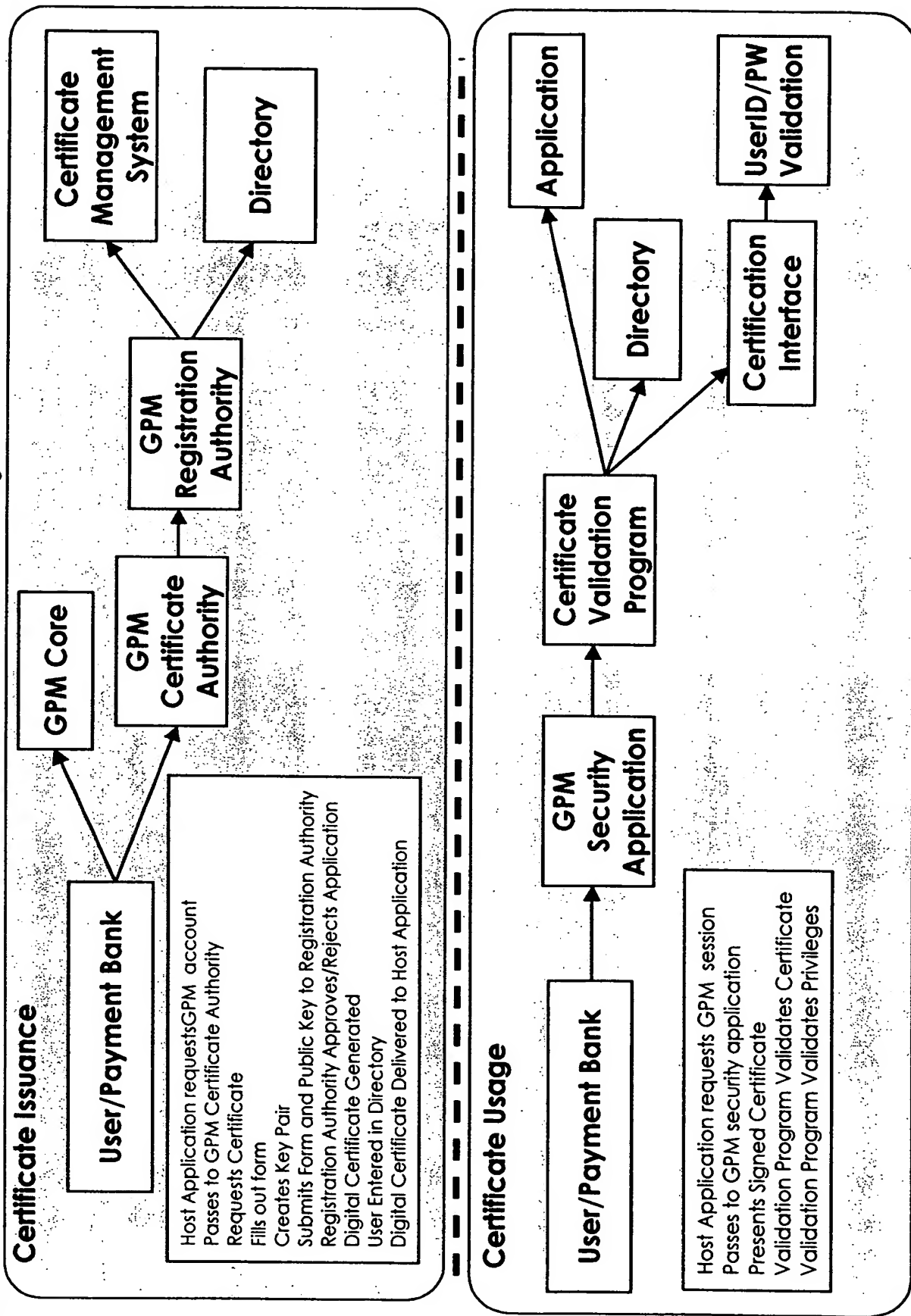
Fig. 4



# Fig. 5

5/20

## GPM Access Security



6/20

## GPM FX Settlement Process

Trade Date	Settlement Date	Reconciliation Date
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parties transact a series of transactions in various currency pairs</li> <li>• Parties send confirmations of each trade MT300</li> <li>• Parties match MT300s to create a confirmed trade</li> <li>• Parties instruct payment of sold currency leg for each trade to Payment Bank</li> <li>• Parties pre-advice receipt of bought currency leg for each trade</li> <li>• <b>Parties advise GPM Payment Banks of Risk Parameters</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Payment Bank constructs payment queue</li> <li>• <b>Payment Bank Host Application releases payments through GPM Filter Process</b></li> <li>• Payment Bank sends MT900 to confirm payments and MT910 to confirm receipts</li> <li>• <b>Payment Bank Host App. notifies sustained imbalance as observed</b></li> <li>• <b>Exception queries, Suspend Process and liquidity management decisions taken intraday</b></li> <li>• Payment Bank sends MT950 daily statement of account activity</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MT950s from all branches and nostros reconciled to determine settlement of transactions</li> <li>• Follow-up on individual failed settlements / defaults</li> </ul>

Fig. 7

# GPM Flow Diagram

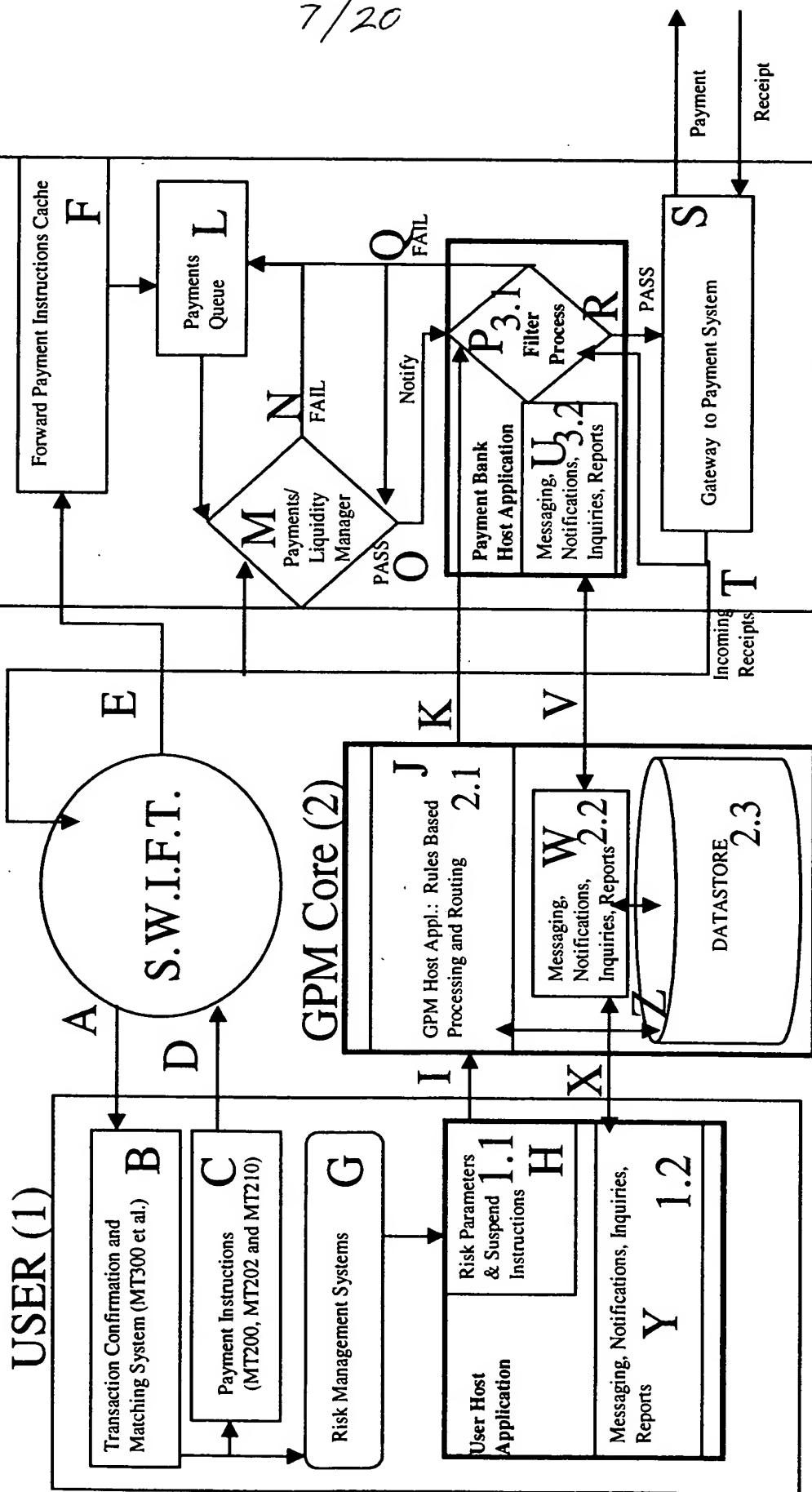




Fig. 8

## GPM in Action

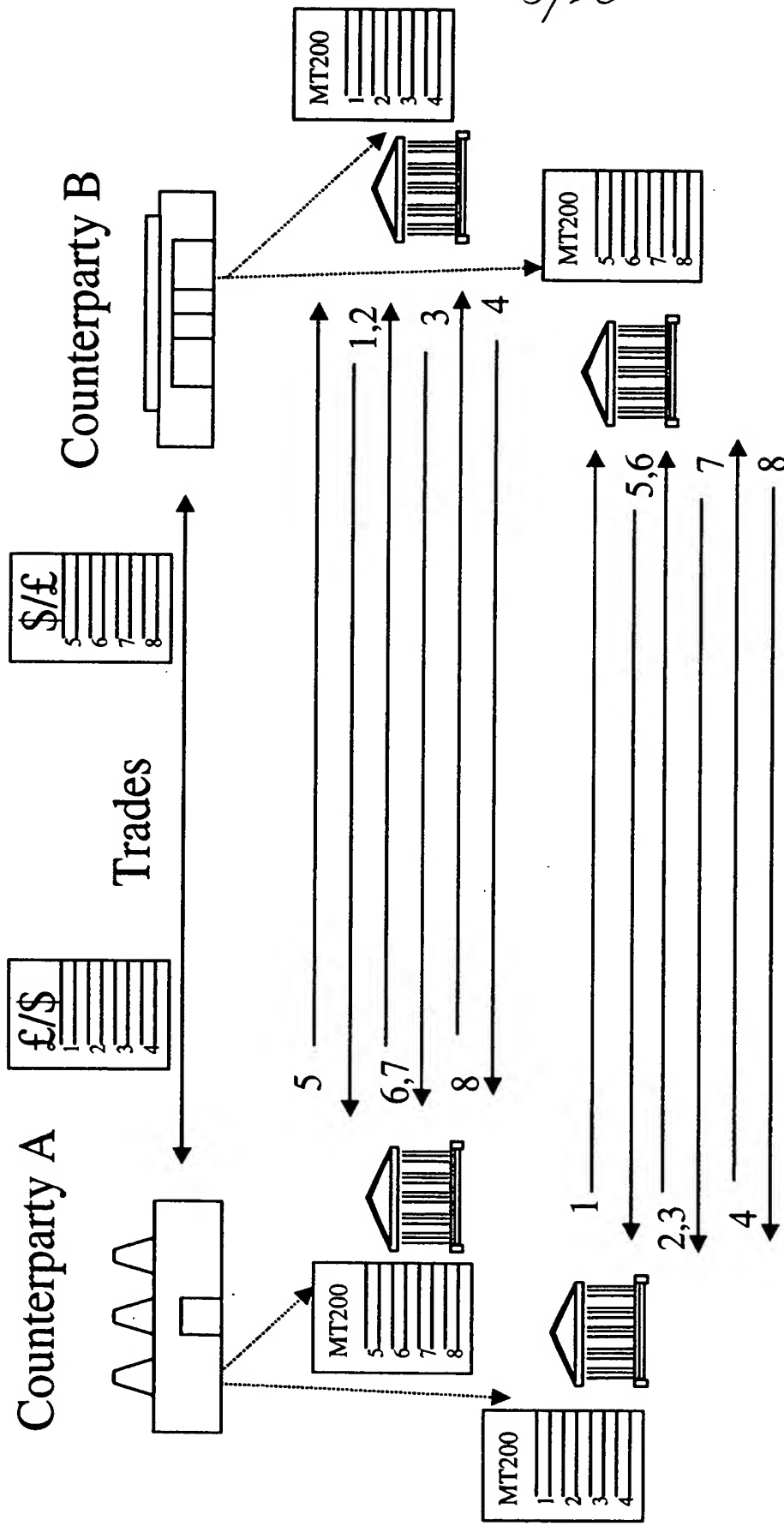
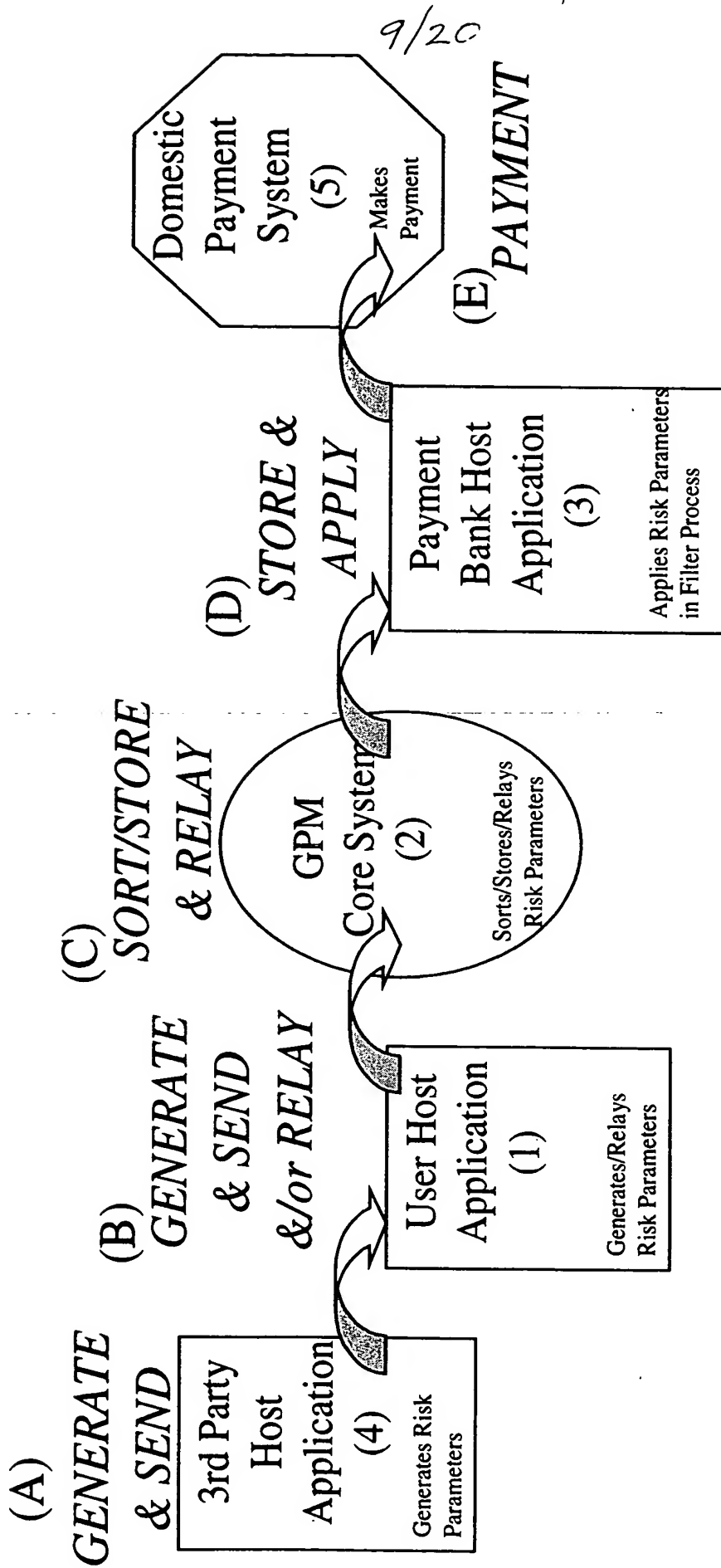


Fig. 9A1

# Risk Parameter Instruction Process



# Risk Parameter Instruction Fields

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No
M	52a	USER	4a2a2b[3b]	1
O	50	THIRD PARTY (Ordering Customer)	4a2a2b[3b]	2
M	53a	PAYMENT BANK (Sender's Correspondent)	4a2a2b[3b]	3
----->				
M	59	COUNTERPARTY (Beneficiary Customer)	4a2a2b[3b]	4
-----				
M	32A	CLEAN PAYMENT LIMIT [Value Date] Currency Code Amount	[6n] 3a 15d	5
----->				
O	<XX>	PAYMENT TYPE	<2a3n[4a]>	6
-----				

**FIELD 52a - USER**  
Definition: The Unique Identifier (UID) of the User institution initiating the instruction on behalf of itself or a Third Party.  
Format: 4a2a2b[3b]

**FIELD 50 - THIRD PARTY**  
Definition: The UID of the Third Party initiating the instruction to the User.  
Format: 4a2a2b[3b]

**FIELD 53a - PAYMENT BANK**  
Definition: The BIC code of the Payment Bank  
Format: 4a2a2b[3b]

**FIELD 59 - COUNTERPARTY**  
Definition: The UID of the Counterparty/Payee on outgoing payments instructions.  
Format: 4a2a2b[3b]  
Multiple instances of this field are permitted.

**FIELD 32a - CLEAN PAYMENT LIMIT**  
Definition: [Value date] (optional), currency code and amount of Clean Payment Limit.  
Format: [6n] date (YYMMDD)  
3a currency code  
15d amount

**FIELD XX - PAYMENT TYPE**  
Definition: Descriptor(s) of Payment Types for Filter Process  
Format: 2a3n[4a] (e.g., MT202, etc., plus optional channel identification)  
Where this optional field is left blank, the GPM Filter Process will apply to all payments made on behalf of a referenced User/3<sup>rd</sup> Party to a referenced Counterparty. Multiple instances of this field are permitted.

## Risk Parameters

COUNTERPARTY: A defined entity (or aggregation of entities) recognisable as Payee(s) or Payor(s) on a payment message through reference to industry standard identifiers used in payments messaging.

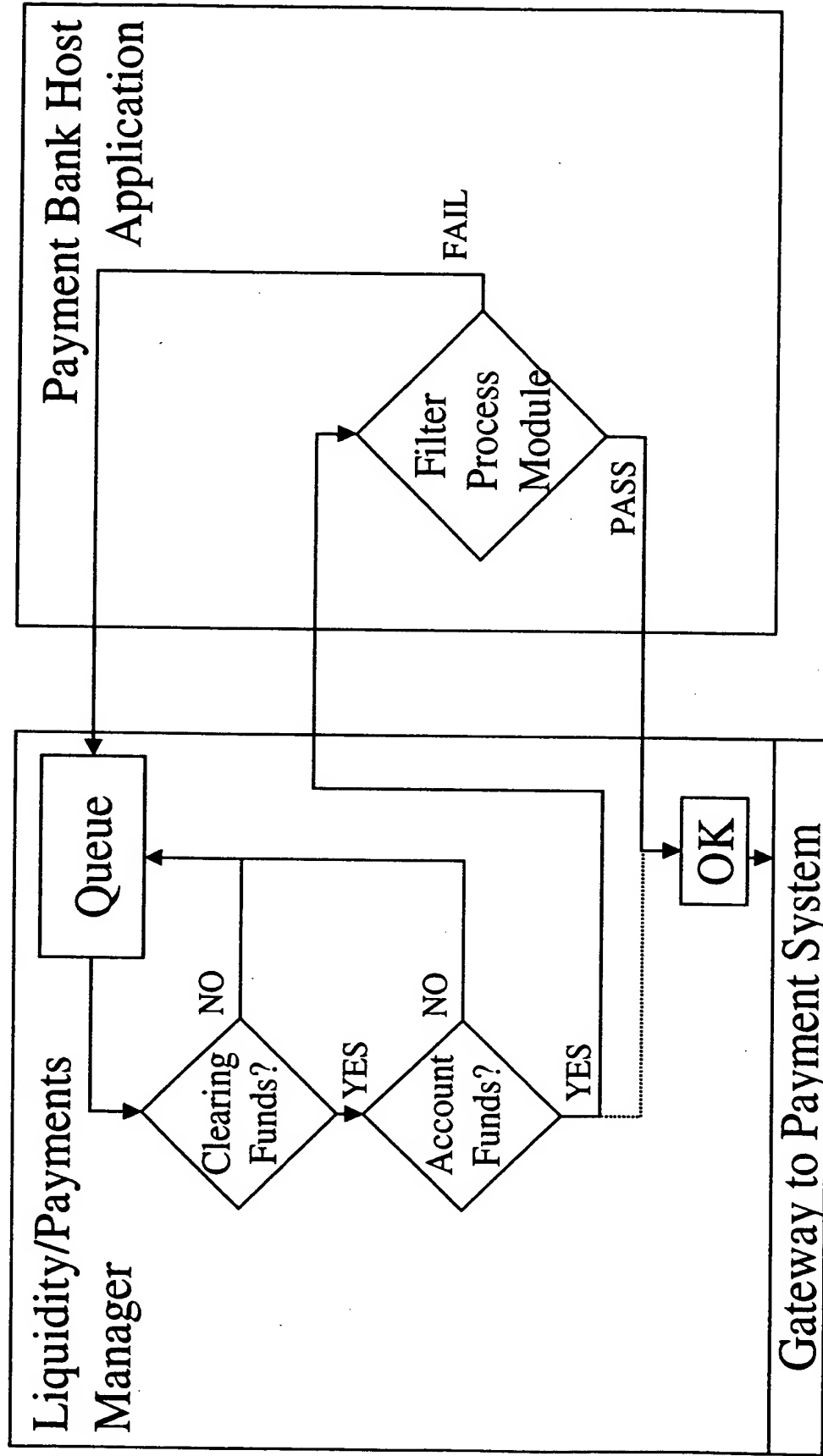
CLEAN PAYMENT LIMIT: Value threshold on payments from a User/3rd Party as "Payor" in respect of a designated Counterparty as "Payee". Acts as a debit cap on payments vis-à-vis a Counterparty.

PAYMENT TYPE: Given payment type descriptors (specified in payments message standards), allows selection of payment types for subjecting to the Filter Process.

11/20

Fig. 9C

# PAYMENT BANK APPLICATION INTEGRATION



13/20

## GPM Filter Process

Step A: Identify Payor

Step B: Assess whether Payor is GPM User/3rd Party

If NO then PASS payment instruction; If YES then

Step C: Identify Payee

Step D: Identify whether Payee is a GPM Counterparty

If NO then PASS payment instruction; If YES then

Step E: Check whether Payee/Counterparty has been Suspended

If YES then FAIL payment instruction + NOTIFY; If NO then

Step F: Identify Payment Type

Step G: Assess whether Payment Type is selected for GPM Filter Process

If NO then PASS payment instruction; If YES then

Step H: Identify Payment Amount

Step I: Calculate Available Balance

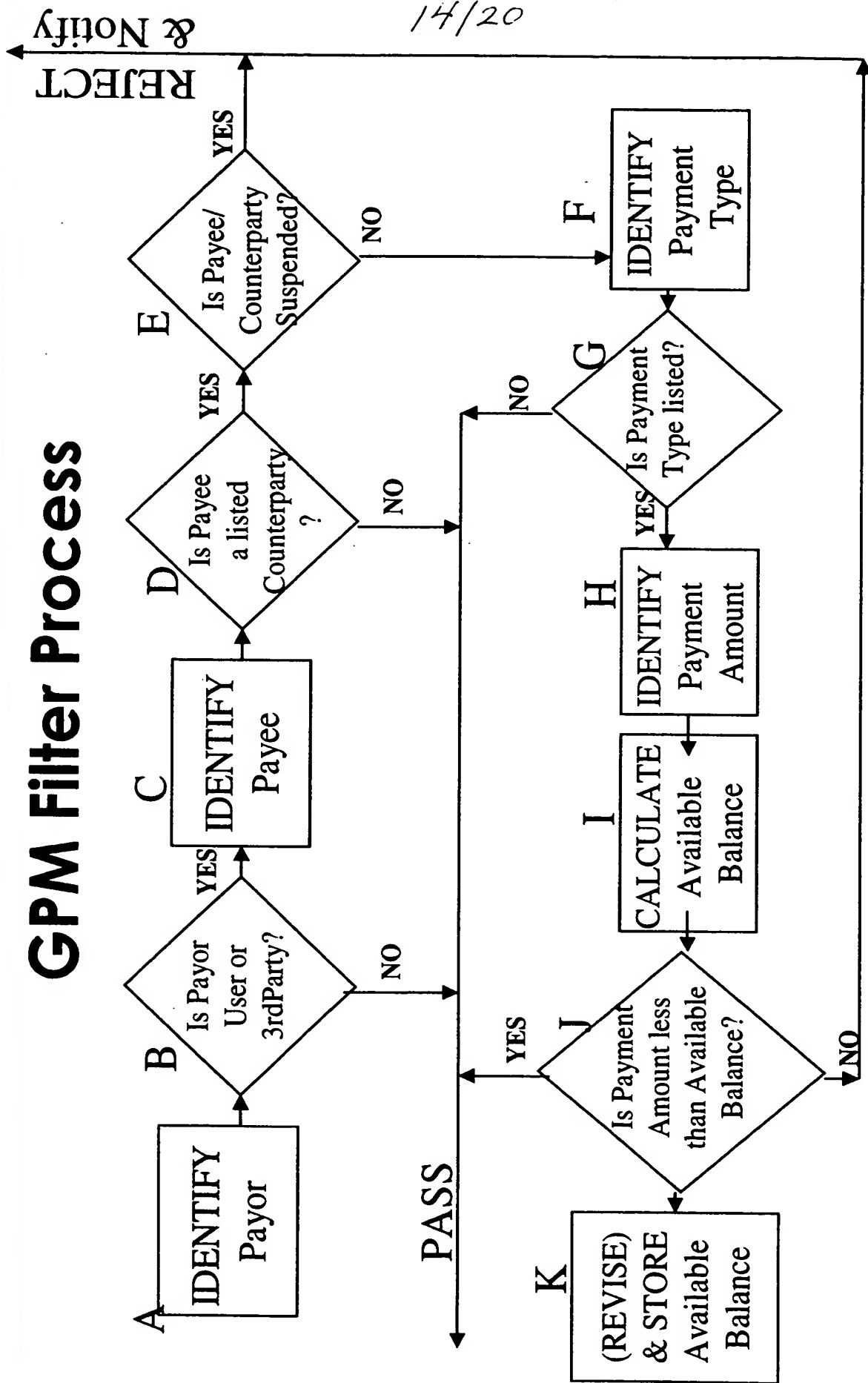
Step J: Assess payment amount against Available Balance

If payment amount is less than Available Balance then PASS payment instruction; If payment amount is more than Available Balance then FAIL payment instruction + NOTIFY

Step K: Reduce Available Balance by Payment Amount

Fig. 9D2

## GPM Filter Process



---

## **Step I: Calculating Available Balance**

Step I.1: Identify User/3rd Party

Step I.2: Identify Counterparty

Step I.3: Identify last stored Available Balance

3a: Available Balance will be Clean Payment Limit for initial processing

3b: Available Balance last stored by Process Filter

3c: Where Clean Payment Limit is amended intraday, the difference between the new CPL and the old CPL will be added to the stored Available Balance to either increase or decrease the Available Balance accordingly

Step I.4: Generate Inquiry to bank payment/account systems for incoming payments messages specifying Counterparty/Payee as a "Payor" and specifying User/3rd Party as "Payee" since last timestamp

Step I.5: IF payments received, THEN total all payment amounts specified in all received payments

Step I.6: Add all received amounts to the last calculated Available Balance

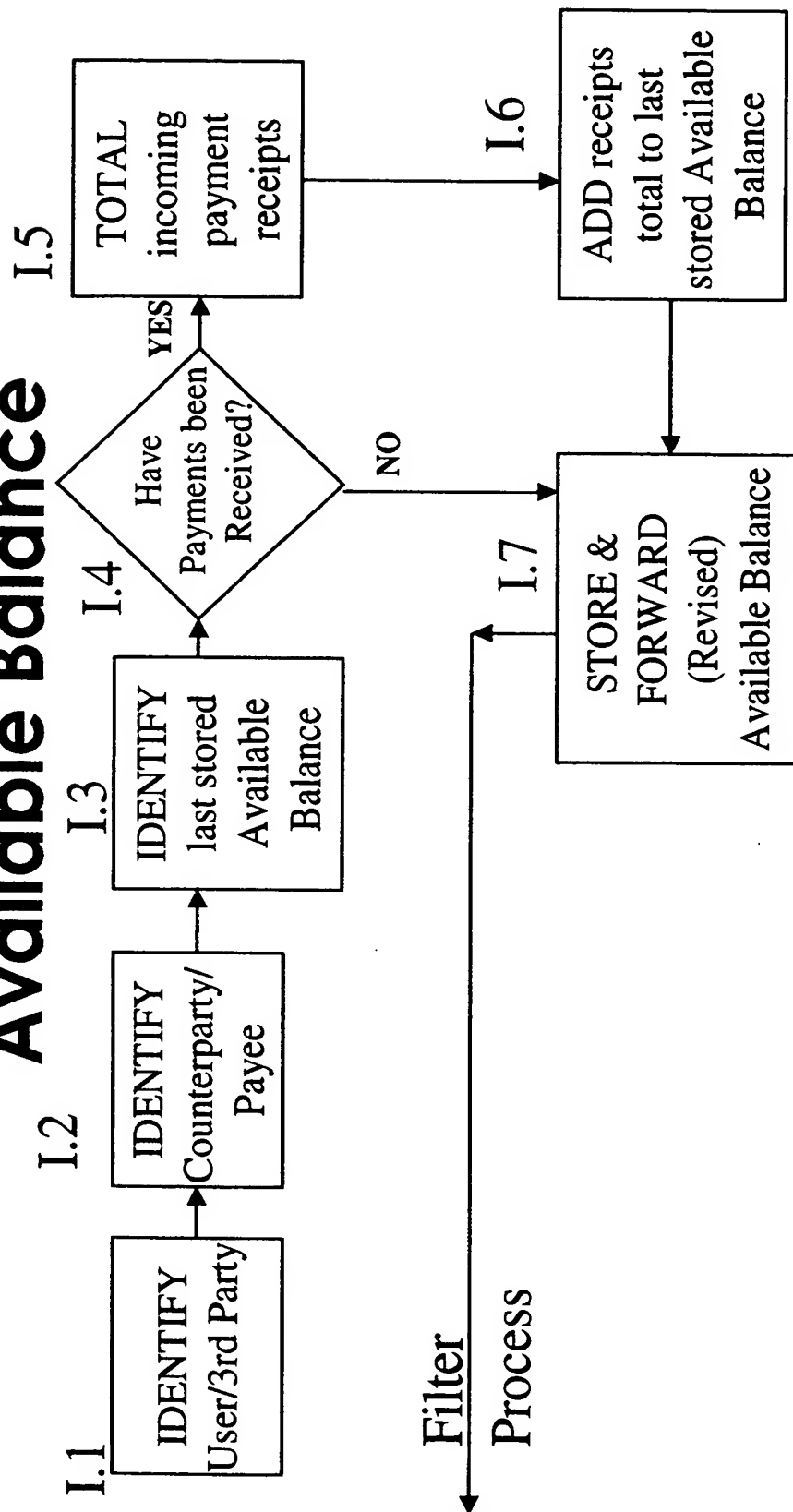
Step I.7: Store & Forward (revised) Available Balance to Filter Process

15/20



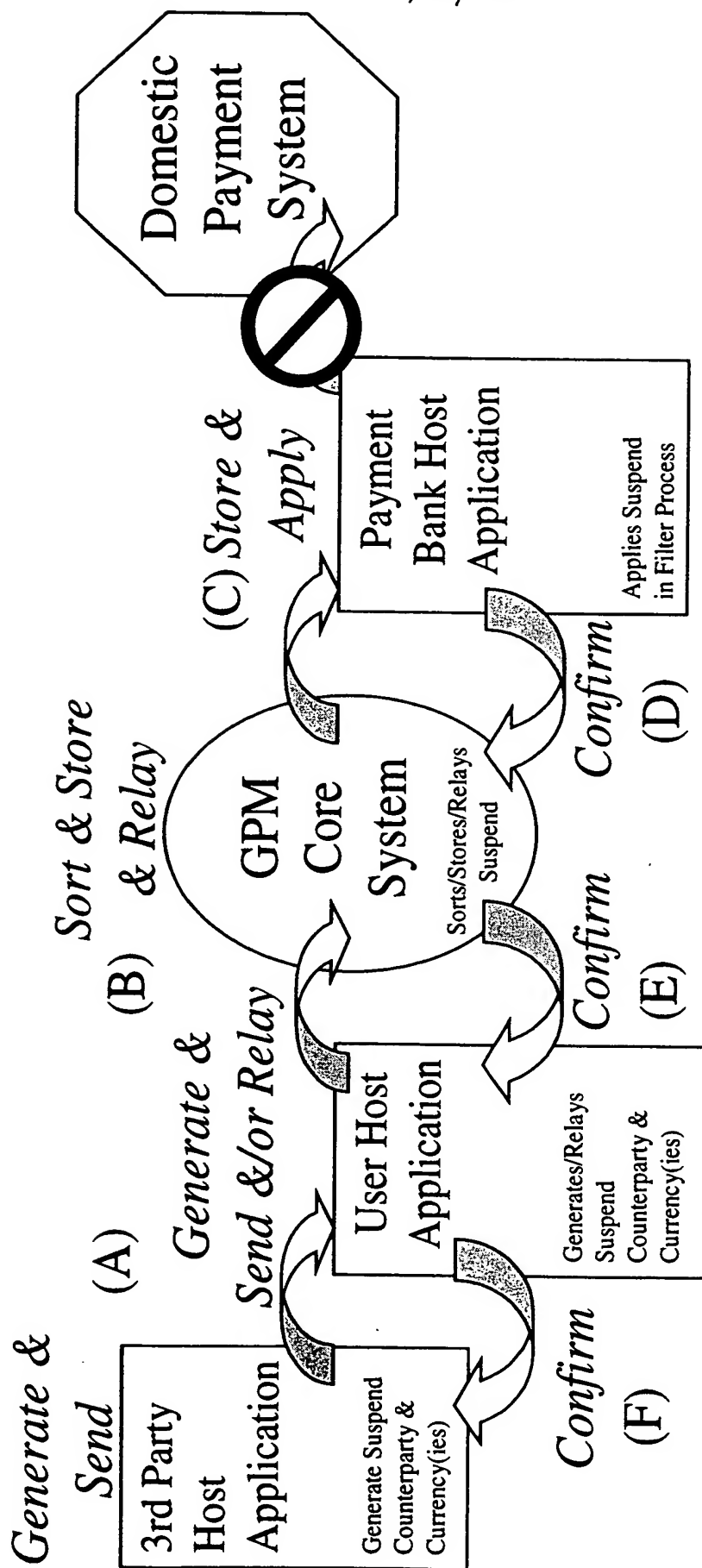
Fig. 9E2

## Step I: Calculating Available Balance



**Fig. 9F1**

# GPM Suspend Process



17/20

18/20

# Suspend Instruction Fields

Status	Tag	Field Name	Content/Options	No
M	S2a	USER	4a2a2b[3b]	1
O	50	THIRD PARTY (Ordering Customer)	4a2a2b[3b]	2
M	53a	PAYMENT BANK (Sender's Correspondent)	4a2a2b[3b]	3
----				
M	59	COUNTERPARTY (Beneficiary Customer)	4a2a2b[3b]	4
-----				
M	<XX>	SUSPEND INSTRUCTION	7a	5

## FIELD 52A - USER

**Definition:** The Unique Identifier (UID) of the User institution initiating the instruction on behalf of itself or a Third Party.

**Format:** 4a2a2b[3b]

## FIELD 50 - THIRD PARTY

**Definition:** The UID of the Third Party initiating the instruction to the User.

**Format:** 4a2a2b[3b]

## FIELD 53a - PAYMENT BANK

**Definition:** The BIC code of the Payment Bank

**Format:** 4a2a2b[3b]

## FIELD 59 - COUNTERPARTY

**Definition:** The UID of the Counterparty/Payee on outgoing payments instructions.

**Format:** 4a2a2b[3b]

The message structure allows for multiple Counterparties to be listed, as many Users and Third Parties will want to aggregate affiliated market trading entities as a single, "synthetic counterparty" for payments risk management purposes.

## FIELD XX - SUSPEND INSTRUCTION

**Definition:** Suspends payments in Filter Process

**Format:** 7a (e.g., "suspend")

Fig. 9F3

# GPM Suspend Process

## 3rd PARTY/USER HOST APPLICATION

Step A.1: Select Counterparty

Step A.2: Select Currency(ies)

Step A.3: Select Suspend Instruction

Step A.4: Generate Suspend Instruction

Step A.5: Confirm Suspend Instruction

## GPM CORE SYSTEM APPLICATION

Step B.1: Receive Suspend Instruction

Step B.2: Identify Payment Bank(s) for selected Currency(ies)

Step B.3: Send Suspend Instruction to Payment Bank Host Applications

## PAYMENT BANK HOST APPLICATION

Step C.1: Receive Suspend Instruction

Step C.2: Apply SUSPEND in Step 5 of Filter Process

Step D: Confirm Suspend Instruction Implemented

Step F: Receive Confirmation Suspend Instruction Implemented

Step E: Confirm Suspend Instruction Implemented

19/20

Fig. 10

## GPM Risk Reduction

- Clear limits on Payment Risk and Liquidity Risk
- Effective elimination of Systemic Risk
- No disruption to existing payment mechanisms
- Unilateral choice of Risk Parameters and GPM implementation with counterparty

